## 【 参考資料 積極的に対話を進めるための表現 】

## 1.話し手として

表現を使用する場面や意図	例
(1)つなぎ言葉を使う	A: What do you think about him?
( hesitation device [ to hold turn ] )	B: Well, I don't know him well.
(2)相手(聞き手)の理解を確認しながら話す	A: I think her idea is not good.
( checking comprehension )	Do you understand ?
(3)伝わらない時に,付け加える	A: Let's meet in front of the department store.
( additional explanation / information )	B: ( ??? )
	A: You can see it when you come out of the station.
(4)伝わらない時に、別の表現で言い換える	A: Can I ask you to borrow a pen?
( Paraphrasing )	B: What do you mean?
	A: Do you have a pen?
(5)自分のことをもとに相手に問い返す	A: What season do you like?
( inviting an interactant )	B: I like summer the best. How about you?
(6)相手からの問いに1文付け加える	A: Who is your favorite baseball player?
( additonal answer )	B: I like Ichiro. Because he is cool.

## 2.聞き手として

表现	見を使用する場面や意図	例
	理解を示す	A: Takayama is a very beautiful cty.
	( showing understanding )	B: I see.
	驚きを示す	A: I have been to Tokyo ten times.
(1)	( showing surprise )	B: Really?
うなずき,	興味を示す	A: I will go to Australia next summer.
あいづち	( showing interest )	B: That's good.
を入れる	同意を示す	A: I like this picture very much.
	( showingagreement )	B: Me, too.
	同意しないことを示す	A: I think his ways of thinking is wrong.
	( showing disagreement )	B: I don't think so.
(2)	繰り返しの依頼	A: Pass me the salt, please.
聞き取れ	( asking repetition )	B: Pardon?
なかった	再度の説明の依頼	A: Go along this street and turn left at the third corner.
時に	( appeal for help )	B: Could you tell me once again?
聞き返す	詳しい説明の依頼	A: He is famous in this country.
	( asking for clalification )	B: What is "famous"?
(3)	理解確認のための繰り返し	A: My birthday is May 19th.
聞き取った	( repetition to check )	B: May 19th?
内容の	自分が解釈したことの説明	A: Jim can not run as fast as his brother Tom.
確かめ	( interpretive summary )	B: You mean Tom runs faster than Jim.